SOFTWARE APPLICATIONS
(Theory)

Time: 1 Hour 30 Mins   **Max. Marks**: 30

Note: Attempt all questions. All Questions carry equal marks.

1.   What is correcting errors in a program called?
    A. Compiling   C. Grinding
    B. Debugging   D. Interpreting

2. Which one is applicable in all computers?
    A. Basic language   C. Cobol language
    B. Machine language   D. Fortran language

3. Antivirus software is an example of ……………………………………
    A. Business software   C. Security utility
    B. Operating system   D. An office suite

4. Which of the following is a method to create a new table in MS-Access?
    A. Using design mode   C. Using data entering mode
    B. Using wizard mode   D. All of the above

5. The_____is a tool used for both the input and output purpose.
    A. Label   C. Combo Box
    B. Text Box   D. Command Button

6. Which of the following is not an example of hardware?
    A. Mouse   C. Excel
    B. Printer   D. Monitor

7. An Assembler is used to translate a program written in……...
    A. A Low Level Language.   C. A High Level Language
    B. A Machine Language.   D. A Assembly Language

8. Operating system is the most common type of ………………………software.
    A. Communication   C. System
    B. Application   D. Word processing

9. "GUI" stands for……………………….
    A. Graphic uninstall/install   C. Gnutella universal interface
    B. Graphical user interface   D. General utility interface

10. What I the full form of SQL?
    A. Structured query language   C. Simple query language
    B. Structured query list   D. None of these

11. Windows 95, windows 98, and Windows NT are known as what?
    A. Processors   C. Modems
    B. Domain names   D. Operating systems

12. A collection of related files is called……………………..
    A. Character
    B. Field
    C. Database
    D. Record

13. What is the default file extension for all word documents?
    A. TXT   C. DOC
    B. WRD   D. FIL
14. Which one of the following software applications would be the most appropriate for performing numerical and statistical calculations?
    A. Database   C. Graphic package
    B. Document processor   D. Spreadsheet

15. DEL command is used to
    A. Delete directory   C. Delete files
    B. Delete labels   D. None of these
16. The acronym DBMS stands for what?
    A. Database methodology system   C. Double-blind management
    B. Data binding and marketing   system setup
       system   D. None of these
17. Typical acronym of reusable optical storage will be……………………..
    A. CD   C. DVD
    B. CD-RW   D. RPM
18. Which SQL command is used to retrieve only unique values?
    A. Unique   C. Different
    B. Distinct   D. None of these
19. Built in memory of computer is called.
    A. RAM   C. ROM
    B. HARD DISK   D. MAGNETIC DISK
20. During processing data, programs, and processed information are held temporally in…………………………
    A. CPU   C. Secondary storage
    B. ROM   D. RAM
21. What is the full form of SDLC?
    A. System design life cycle   D. Software development life
    B. Software design life cycle   cycle
    C. System development life cycle
22. The term bit is short for………………………………….
    A. Megabyte   C. Binary language
    B. Binary digit   D. Binary number
23. The smallest unit of information a computer can understand and process is known as a…………………………………….
    A. Digit   C. Bit
    B. Kilobyte   D. Byte

24. Constructs in which **an If-Block** is contained inside another **If- Block** are called.
    A. Multi-if blocks   C. Nested if blocks
    B. Sequential if blocks   D. None of the above

25. Which of the following SQL commands is used to retrieve data?
    A. DELETE   C. SELECT
    B. INSERT   D. JOIN

26. The variables that does not change the value during the execution of program is
……………………..
    A. Numeric   C. Constant
    B. String   D. None of these

27. The final output of ……….stage of SDLC is terms or reference.
    A. System analysis   C. Problem definition
    B. System development   D. feasibility

28. In visual Basic the declaration of variables is done by_____keyword.
    A. Int.   C. Dim
    B. Static   D. Declare

29. Microsoft Access is a_____kind of application?
    A. ORDBMS   D. NETWORK DATABASE
    B. RDBMS   MODEL
    C. DBMS

30. Which is the part of the computer that one can touch and feel?
    A. Hardware
    B. Software
    C. Programs
    D. None of these